

NAVARRO SURRENDERS WITH HIS WHOLE FORCE

(FROM FIFTH EXTRA)

Gen. Juan J. Navarro and 480 other federals are prisoners. They were captured in the barracks, where they made their last stand and where the surrenders took place, after the insurgents had shelled the building with cannon.

It was a happy looking bunch of federals who marched through the lines of insurgents to become prisoners. "Viva el Constitution!" they shouted as they put down their rifles, smiled, laughed and almost jumped for joy.

They left 40 dead and wounded comrades inside the barracks when they marched out to surrender.

The surrender of Gen. Navarro was made to Gen. B. J. Viljoen, of Chamberino, N. M., military advisor to Madero. Viljoen was not present in the capacity of a commander, he says. He was only there as a military adviser and says that Col. Garibaldi had command of the troops to whom the surrender took place, but was not present when Navarro came out and gave up the town.

Col. Pueblito declares that Col. Tamborel, who commanded the federals, met his death by being shot through the head. He says the colonel was in command of his troops, even after he had been wounded, and, sticking his head around the corner of a building, received a bullet that ended his career. With both Pueblito and Tamborel gone, the federals had no officers of rank except Navarro himself. Several of the officers are declared to have deserted and to have induced their men to do so.

About noontime the insurgents rushed up Comercio street dragging one of their home made field pieces and shouting and cheering like boys. They placed the cannon in the plaza.

The rebels seem like boys on a picnic, happy that their big battle is over with, but they are orderly and many of them took advantage of a chance to sleep, as soon as they could get settled down in the town and get something to eat. There was a lively scrimmage to get possession of the horses abandoned by the federal cavalry near the bull ring.

At 1:15 the fighting was practically over.

The old church is shot full of scars on every side, the windows are broken.

Orozco is making his headquarters at the city hall and the street is full of people calling "Viva, Orozco, Viva Orozco."

There are few "Viva Maderos."

There is great enthusiasm, the insurgents riding around with the caps and belts of the federal officers.

There is great disorder in and around the mayor's office.

Diaz's picture has been removed from the wall.

The market place is in great confusion.

Shells are lying all around the streets. There are a few disreputable women in the street with the insurgents. There is much ringing of the old bells.

San Miquel's residence on Juarez avenue was not damaged at all. It is occupied by two Japanese, Jose Enokubo and Sam E. Chin. They have a Japanese flag flying there.

The hotel across the street from San Miquel's hotel on the east side of Juarez avenue, was not damaged; it is occupied by Japanese and a Japanese flag is flying.

The house at 24 June avenue is riddled with bullets on the south side, the front windows on Juarez avenue broken in, and the furniture piled up in the front room. There is an American flag flying outside.

In the Porfirio Diaz hotel there is an Englishman, John Deere, from Antago, Wis., who was shot in the right foot this morning. He is a lieutenant under Col. Arco Resse, a German. He says that yesterday morning in the first attack on the barracks, Eph. Green, of Dublin, Ireland, was shot through the head and killed. Both Green and Deere served in the South African campaign.

Coming up the street, the rebels rode up on the cannon, carrying two flags, horses pulling the cannon, and all were yelling "Viva La Libertad."

Blood is on the sidewalk at many places. The strips store on the corner of Comercio street, is pretty badly damaged, the front door broken in, the stock scattered a little, but there is a guard protecting it; guards are protecting all stores.

The front of the custom house clock was shot off. All the windows in the houses in Comercio street were broken—just shot full of holes.

The streets are full of empty shells. A woman was killed in the street in front of the bank by insurgents. Very few dead are to be seen in the streets.

Stirring Events of Second Day's Battle

(From Herald Extra Editions.)

(FROM FOURTH EXTRA.)

FEDERALS SURRENDER

The rebels placed a cannon and fired a shot into the barracks shortly before 1 o'clock and the federals waved a white flag over the barracks.

Navarro with 15 men was in the barracks, and it is understood he desires to surrender.

120 WOUNDED FEDERALS.

A Herald reporter visited the temporary federal hospital on Calle la Paz at 1 o'clock and found 120 wounded federal soldiers there. At the hospital, the death of Col. Tamborel was again confirmed.

Col. Manuel Tamborel is dead. Lieut. Col. Manuel Pueblito of the 14th federal cavalry says: "Col. Tamborel was killed yesterday at the fortress."

"Navarro has 300 men, more or less, and is fighting back of the cuartel in the barracks, I think," Tamborel was the commandant of the federal garrison.

Lieut. Col. Pueblito is a prisoner in Levy's store, opposite the custom house. He is accompanied by his wife and is in pearl gray fatigue uniform; his epaulettes and shoulder straps have been cut off and he wears a civilian hat. He is wounded in the left cheek and his left eye is closed with a bandage; the blood is dripping down on his uniform; he is smoking a cigar and does not seem to be worrying any.

First Lieut. Felix Parre, of the 14th battalion, verifies Col. Tamborel's death. He says: "Col. Tamborel died fighting gamely; he was shot in the arm at 11 o'clock yesterday morning and was killed at 5 o'clock last night when the rebels charged the fortress. He was shot through the heart."

The insurgents have a number of federal prisoners.

OROZCO IN COMMAND.

Gen. Pascual Orozco at 12:30 sat behind the desk of Jefe politico Martinez in Juarez. The rebel chief was coolly transcribing business, writing passes and giving orders, with a rough appearing insurgente taking dictation and writing letters at his side. A number of couriers had been sent to locate Madero and give him news of the town's capture. The jefe politico, Martinez, has not been found.

The body of a woman, who had been struck by many bullets, was interred in a corner of the plaza after undressing the old mission. Six insurgents

dug the grave. Finding the body in the streets, they decided to make the interment out of respect to the dead. The wounded are being collected by the few citizens who remained in town through the attack.

A few saloons are running open, but so far there is little drunkenness. General order prevails.

ANOTHER AMERICAN SHOT.

W. S. Kelly, of Stockton, Cal., was shot in the left side at 11:30 near the Santa Fe street bridge; he is not seriously hurt. A bullet from the Mexican side struck the door at the home of Mrs. Williamson, 1405 East Overland street, this morning.

When the insurgents reached Juarez, they found the temporary barracks near the bull ring full of cavalry horses, left by the federals.

No looting is being allowed. However, cigars and cigarettes are being taken and distributed among the men.

Following Garibaldi's order to destroy the liquor in the saloons, Orozco issued a similar order and placed guards over the saloons.

Dr. Ramey at 12:45 came over from Juarez with Henry Fournier, a wounded insurgente. He was found in the plaza wounded in the right arm.

BULLET IN ROOF.

Yesterday afternoon in the residence of G. N. Hyndes, at 915 Texas street, a bullet crashed through the roof into the dining room and was picked up by Mrs. Hyndes. It was quite hot when picked up. There was no damage done.

TEXAN HOSTS FLAG.

G. C. Jones, a man from San Antonio, Tex., hoisted the rebel flag on top of the water tower in Juarez when the insurgents took the place this morning.

(FROM THIRD EXTRA.)

The federal troops deserted Juarez at 10 o'clock this morning and the insurgents marched in.

The credit for the victory seems to belong to the command of Jose de la Luz Blanco, who came up from the rebel camp last night fresh and eager for the fight. They slipped into the rear of the jail and took positions in the adobe houses in Calle Diablo, the red light district.

There was firing all night and this morning the engagement opened between the insurgents and federals at close range, the insurgents using dynamite bombs.

By 10 o'clock the insurgents had the old church, the city jail, the municipal buildings and all the strongholds of the federals and their flags were waving from the water tank in the court of the municipal building, from the roof of the old church and in other localities.

Meantime, the other insurgents, who had occupied different positions about the town, flocked into the streets and the investment of the city was complete.

Col. Giuseppe Garibaldi led a band of men who immediately began the destruction of all liquor found in the town.

The federals retreated in a southwesterly direction into the foothills. Their retreat was covered by soldiers stationed on tops of the military barracks.

The volunteer defenders of Juarez did not surrender and continued to fire as the insurgents came up. Fifty of the volunteers were taken prisoners near the jail after 10 o'clock. Still a small band of volunteers continued firing from buildings near the jail.

VOLUNTEERS' LAST STAND.

An insurgente on horseback started out with a white flag at 11 o'clock to notify insurgents in the outskirts to cease fighting. The insurgente surgeons have established a temporary hospital in the center of town and at 11 o'clock had taken in a number of wounded federals. Twelve dead had been found at that time.

Fighting is still in progress around the jail, where a small body of federal volunteers have made a last stand.

Two insurgente flags now float from the old church. Blood splattered the pavements around the plaza in front of the old church when a Herald man was there at 10 o'clock. The streets were full of hats, dropped by the insurgents, and others during the fight.

REBELS ARE LOOTING.

Residences and stores are broken open and a band of insurgents occupies the Uncle Sam saloon drinking whisky and liquors. Col. Garibaldi and his men are destroying as much liquor as possible.

Almost every store passed on the way through the town was broken open. The stores had been used as a means of defence and protection and the men had also used them for sleeping and to furnish food and drink during the fighting.

The fighting was confined to the southwestern portion of the city when the reporter was at the plaza. That is in the vicinity of the barracks. Whether the soldiers were still in the barracks or only a few remained was not known.

One lone federal was standing off ten insurgents near the Santa Fe street bridge, down close to the river, as the reporter went over.

Simon Dominguez, a Mexican laborer about 40 years of age, was struck in the eye by a Mauser bullet and instantly killed near the corner of Tenth and Virginia streets, at 6:45 this morning. He had gone down from his home at the intersection of Eighth and Park streets to see the fighting.

FEDERAL CASUALTIES HEAVY.

Dr. W. O. Olvera Zuniga, official federal physician in Juarez, was seen in the city. The doctor said that in the hospital on Calle de la Paz, there are 40 wounded, 25 of whom are soldiers. The others, he said, are women, children and civilian men. He said he had counted 15 federal dead during the fighting. The doctor said he knew that Col. Manuel Tamborel, who was in command

Villa Makes Good His Threat

It is now pretty well established that Pancho Villa's men started the attack on Juarez in retaliation for Col. Tamborel's threat that the insurgents were all cowards and dare not attack. Following Tamborel's sneering remark, Villa publicly stated in the Popular store in El Paso that he had 600 men and would attack Juarez "peace or no peace" and have Tamborel's life.

Tamborel is dead. After he was wounded Tuesday morning he retained active command, but was killed in the afternoon by a bullet through the head.

of the Juarez garrison, had been wounded, and that he had heard that the doughty little officer was dead.

Tamborel was the officer who declared the insurgents were cowards and afraid to attack. The insurgents said before the battle that they would kill him if they caught him.

The doctor also said that Col. Manuel Pueblito, commanding the federal cavalry, had been wounded.

"In the name of the military department of Mexico," said the doctor, "I want to thank the insurgents for their courtesy to me and to the wounded."

(FROM SECOND EXTRA.)

THE CITY FALLS.

The general belief is that Juarez has fallen.

The rebels are all moving into the heart of the city.

It is said that Navarro has left the city with his forces, and is moving south.

Jose de la Luz Blanco's command of reinforcements, which slipped into Juarez Tuesday night after dark, has captured the old church and the Juarez jail, according to information brought to this side of the river at 10 o'clock by one of Blanco's wounded men, Manuel Marquez. The men was shot in the arm and says he received his wound while in the tower of the church.

A few minutes afterward, a negro giving the name of George Monroe, reached the bridge and declared that all prisoners in Juarez had been released, and said the jail had been dynamited.

At that hour, there was cheering in Juarez and it was reported at the bridges that Navarro was withdrawing from the town.

BLANCO'S ASSAULT SUCCEEDS.

The wounded Mexican said that Blanco and his men slipped up in the rear of the jail during the night and were ready for the assault this morning. In fact had been firing all night, and gradually driving the federals from their positions.

Dynamite explosions in that vicinity were heard from the bridges early this morning and the heaviest firing has all been in the vicinity of the jail and the church, bearing out what the negro and the Mexican said.

Among the buildings burned in Juarez last night was the bull ring. Felix Martinez said he plainly recognized it burning.

At 10:10 an insurgente flag was run up onto the water tank in the patio of the city hall in Juarez. This was the second insurgente flag waving at that time.

SALOONKEEPER STARTS PRIVATE INSURRECTION

The only disorder of the day occurred shortly after the federals surrendered. Felix Mestas, a Spanish merchant and property owner, shot and killed an insurgente named Rosenda Calles. The shooting occurred in front of Mestas's saloon at the corner of Comercio street and the plaza. Mestas stepped to the door of the place and shot the insurgente, apparently without reason.

Following the shooting, Mestas ran into the saloon, defending himself with a Winchester rifle for 15 minutes. Insurgentes in great numbers crowded around the principal plaza and poured volleys of shot into the saloon.

The shooting occurred at a time when all fighting had ceased, the rumor ran through town of a federal attack. There was general excitement. Through solicitation of a friend who shouted to him from the window of an adjoining store, Mestas, who was shooting from the roof, threw up his handkerchief as a signal of surrender.

He was taken to the jail charged with murder. During this shooting shots rained from over the principal streets adjoining store, Mestas, who was shot celebrating the victory were forced to take shelter, not knowing the cause of the shooting.

NATIONAL DIRECTOR OF RED CROSS LEAVES FOR EL PASO TO ORGANIZE

Applications From Here to Use Red Cross Flag Have Been Denied Because Informal Use of the Emblem Might Violate Neutrality.

Washington, D. C., May 10.—Ernest P. Bicknell, national director of the Red Cross, will leave Washington tonight for El Paso to organize a Red Cross chapter there. The Red Cross has found itself in a delicate position over the situation in El Paso. With no Red Cross officials in the Texas border town, the headquarters of the society here, as a matter of precaution, has felt obliged to decline several applications received from El Paso physicians not affiliated with the society for permission to use the Red Cross emblem in entering Juarez to care for the wounded.

Several months ago, when a Red Cross flag was fired upon by federals near Juarez, the Mexican government called the attention of the state department to the fact that the emblem was carried by a man not connected with the Red Cross. Mexico issued instructions to her military commanders to respect the emblem under all circumstances, but at the same time informed the American government that its authorized use might lead to violation of neutrality, as the insurgents were not bound to observe Red Cross treaty obligations.

Pending the arrival of Mr. Bicknell, the gathering of the wounded on Mexican soil and bringing them into the United States will be left to the discretion of Col. Steever.

The Red Cross today telegraphed \$1000 to Col. Steever to meet the present emergency in caring for the wounded Mexicans.

The twenty Mexican soldiers who surrendered to Gen. Bliss at San Diego, after the battle of Tia Juana, in addition to the 12 federals and insurgents wounded in that battle, will be held temporarily at San Diego, and the wounded will be treated in the Red Cross hospital there.

Statement From Sr. Oscar Braniff

Editor El Paso Herald:

Inasmuch as the editorial contained in your afternoon edition of yesterday, and widely published similar versions, have originated the report that we have inspired those versions; inasmuch as our procedure from the start has been strictly kept within the principles of absolute impartiality and open frankness towards the two contending elements that hold the floor in the actual Mexican situation, on the basis that we are acting solely and exclusively for the best interests of the Mexican public and nation, irrespective of the government or the revolutionaries' interest; and inasmuch as the charge surreptitiously and insidiously implied in such reports shows the deliberate intention of originating distrust and resentment towards us, thus hampering our efforts to hold the trust of both elements (through which solely can we act efficiently as intermediaries in all that will be conducive to a satisfactory settlement of the present serious difficulties); Therefore, we hereby request you to kindly publish this letter literally, and we hereby formally notify whomsoever has inspired, whispered, or implied our remotest connection with the referred editorial, to kindly bring out such proofs or argument, upon which such report rests. We also hereby ask you to kindly and openly make publicly, and unreservedly whatever statement you may have to make regarding the matter insofar as it concerns us, with the object of tendering to the public your own unrestricted declaration as to whether we have had any connection with the editorial in question, however remote or indirectly.

With our respectful regards, we are yours very truly,

OSCAR J. BRANIFF,
E. ESQUIVEL OBREGON.

(The editor of The El Paso Herald states most emphatically that neither Mr. Braniff, Sr. Obregon, nor any other person whatever knew anything about the editorial in question until after its publication or had the slightest thing to do with its suggestion or preparation, nor had the editor discussed the matters therein treated, with any person whatever prior to writing same. The Herald's editorials are its own unadorned expressions of opinion.)

WOUNDED SOLDIERS IN THE JUAREZ HOSPITAL

And Items of Interest Developing After the Surrender of the City.

Felicita Rojas, a woman about 40 years of age, ran out into the middle of the street near the church crying "Viva Madero" as the insurgents marched in. She was shot in the stomach, the bullet entering in the center and coming out near the left hip. She was taken to the Porfirio Diaz hotel, where Dr. Wilson has an improvised hospital, and is caring for other wounded, among whom are Bernabe Hernandez, who was shot five times in the right arm this morning while making an attack on the barracks. He is a native of San Pablo, Chih., and is one of Villa's command.

Another bed is occupied by Manuel Bustillo, of the Guerrero district, also of Pancho Villa's command, who was shot in the head, the bullet coming out near his right ear.

Enrique Leon, of Fernando Chavez's command, at Hermosillo, was shot in the head at 10 o'clock this morning, the bullet striking him in the head and making its exit near the left ear.

Two Wounded Men. Patricio Gomez, one of Pascual Orozco's men, and who comes from San Jose de Ariz., was shot yesterday afternoon by both a machine gun and a rifle, and has three wounds in the calf. He occupies a bed downstairs.

A Garcia has a family at Pearson, and who is a member of Tentaria Serecedes & Co., has a bad wound in the left knee and foot, which was inflicted this afternoon at 1:30 on Comercio street, while he and others attempted to dislodge two men who occupied a room in the upper story of the saloon across from the plaza.

There is a dead man in the hotel in one of the rooms of the second floor, but none of the men could identify him; he is a Mexican.

Safe.

W. S. Morrill, who is a curio dealer on Juarez avenue, reports that no damage has been done his store or the American clock, which is located on the second story of the same building.

Rev. Joseph Alvarado, El Paso priest, is riding home from house to house where the wounded are, attending those most seriously injured. Father Lafon was busily engaged through the entire afternoon.

In Front of Hospital. These are the wounded in front of the hospital just about a block south of the church.

Miguel Gutierrez, federal shot in the cheek.

Capt. Porfirio Hernandez, 14th battalion, hit in the shoulder, badly wounded.

Southwest of town in the Cuartel 200 to 300 men, Americans had been there fighting with them; no Americans killed except Roy Kelly, and one negro named Brown wounded.

Capt. Jose de la Luz Martinez, 3rd cavalry, shot in the eye, in hospital.

Lieut. Salvador Y. Herrera, also 3rd cavalry, hit in the right eye.

Refugio Navarro, an insurgente in Orozco's command, a boy, hit in the leg.

Jose Flores, 12th battalion, hit in the leg.

Federal Y. Yerrare, hit in head and leg but will not die.

Valentine Enrique, supposed to be an insurgente, wounded in head, is on the opposite side of the street from church.

One Chinaman was killed in the street by stray bullets.

John Beer, of Antigo, Wis., was wounded in the right foot. He is being taken care of by the Americans.

Manuel Bustillo, an Orozco man, was hit in the eye.

G. C. Jones, of San Antonio, Texas, was the man who put the flag on top of the water tank. He is an ex-sergeant of the 33rd United States Infantry. He says he knows of no Americans killed.

Insurgentes took four policemen captives, and were going to shoot them but decided not to. They were taken on Comercio street in front of the B. & L. bar.

ARMY AVIATOR IS
DASHED TO DEATH

Lieut. George Kelly Loses Life in San Antonio Flight.

San Antonio, Tex., May 10.—Lieut. George M. E. Kelly, of the 13th Infantry, United States army, was killed this morning by a fall from a Curtiss aeroplane at Fort Sam Houston. He was making a flight when about 50 feet from the ground shot forward, his seat landing on his head. His skull was fractured and he died in a few moments without regaining consciousness.

Lieut. Kelly was regarded at the war department as a most promising military aviator. He is the second American soldier sacrificed to aviation. Lieut. Selfridge having been killed at Fort Meyer, Va., during the Wright experiments in 1909.

Lieut. Kelly was ordered to the maneuver division at San Antonio on March 14 for aeronautical duties. He was born in England, December 14, 1873. Entered in the army as a private in 1904 and rose to the rank of second lieutenant February 11, 1907.

ENSENADA TO BE
NEXT POINT TAKEN

So Declares Col. Sam Pryce, Commanding Rebels at Tia Juana.

Tia Juana, L. C., May 10.—Gen. Sam Pryce, in command of the rebel army at Tia Juana, declares Ensenada will be the object of the next rebel attack. About 100 federals, said to be at the Dupee ranch, 25 miles southwest, must first be disposed of. Everything is quiet at Tia Juana today and merchants are preparing to reopen their stores on Pryce's guarantee that they will not be molested.

Scouting parties have been sent south and east to give warnings of the advance of a force from Mexicali or Ensenada.

The hunt for dead bodies in the rocks and under brush near Tia Juana was resumed this morning. Pryce insists that his statement last night of the number of dead and wounded rebels is correct and that his men are searching for dead federals.

CARTRIDGES FOR JUAREZ CONFISCATED BY THE U. S.

New York, N. Y., May 10.—Twenty thousand cartridges shipped from here to El Paso will take no part in the battle of Juarez. They were seized by the government, and Harvey Phillips, formerly a secret service man, pleaded guilty today in the United States circuit court to consigning them as furniture and fixtures, in violation of the interstate commerce law. He was held on \$1000 bond.